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An Adaptive Unequal Error Protection Scheme for Three - dimensional Mesh Models Using A Convolutional Code

Sung - Yeol Kim*, Seung - Uk Yoon*, Ho - Kyoung Lee**, Yo - Sung Ho*
 *Kwangju Institute of Science and Technology(K - JIST)
 **Dept. Electronics and Electric Engineering, Hong Ik University
 {sykim75, suyoon, hoyo}@kjist.ac.kr, hklee@hongik.ac.kr

Abstract: 3 가 3

3 UEP 3

Hausdorff

3 1. 3

3 3

, 3 (Progressive Mesh) 3

Keywords: , 3 (Edge Collapse)

(Vertex Split)

1(a) V_t, V_s (V_t, V_s, V_r) (V_t, V_s, V_r)

3

3 3 $(\hat{M} = M^n) \xrightarrow{ecol_{n-1}} \dots \xrightarrow{ecol_1} M^1 \xrightarrow{ecol_0} M^0$

3

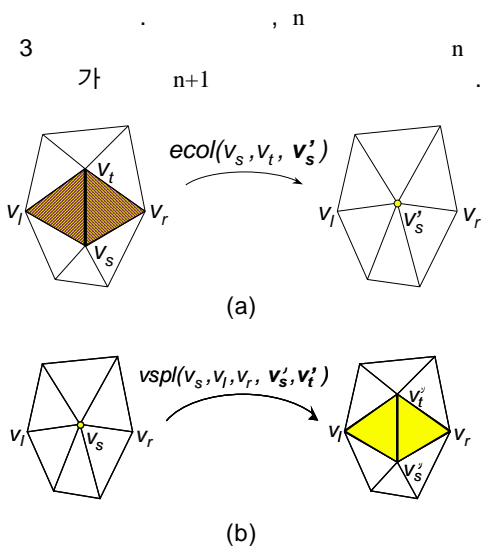
[1] 3 3

(Convolutional Code)[2] (V_t, V_s, V_r) (V_t, V_s, V_r)가

(Unequal Error Protection, UEP)[4] $M \xrightarrow{vsplit_0} M \xrightarrow{vsplit_1} \dots \xrightarrow{vsplit_{n-1}} (M^n = \hat{M})$

UEP AI-Regib [3] Reed-Solomon vspl(V_s, V_t, V_r) 3

UEP V_r, V_s, V_t) , 3



1. (a) (b)

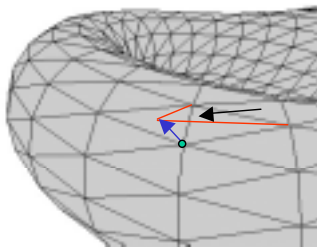
2.

3

2

Traversal)[5]

2



2.

$vspl(V_s, V_l, V_r, V'_s, V_t)$

(Half Edge Collapse)

V_t

3. Hausdorff

3

Hausdorff (Hausdorff Distance)

1 MSE(Mean Square Error)

2 PSNR(Peak Signal to Noise Ratio)

3 Hausdorff

가 Hausdorff

3 Hausdorff

Hausdorff

$A = (a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n)$ $B = (b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n)$

Hausdorff

$$H(A, B) = \min(h(A, B), h(B, A)) \quad (1)$$

$$h(A, B) = \min_{a \in A} \left\{ \min_{b \in B} \|a - b\| \right\} \quad (2)$$

$h(A, B)$ Hausdorff (Directed Hausdorff Distance)

Hausdorff $H(A, B)$ Hausdorff

$h(A, B)$ $h(B, A)$

가 d Hausdorff

d Hausdorff

Hausdorff

(Vertex Hausdorff

1. (UEP)

UEP

UEP

3

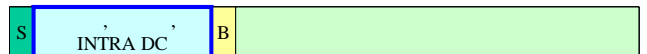
2

INTRA DC

INTRA DC

2

UEP



3. 2

2

UEP

3

2

3

3

3

Hausdorff 3, 3 가 101, 111000
 3 11100 Viterbi
 Hausdorff 4 3 101



$$M^0 > M^t > M^{t+r}$$

4. 3

4

M^{t+r} M^0 , M^t
 t , t $t+r$, $t+r$
 M^0 가

Hausdorff
 Hausdorff

Hasudorff

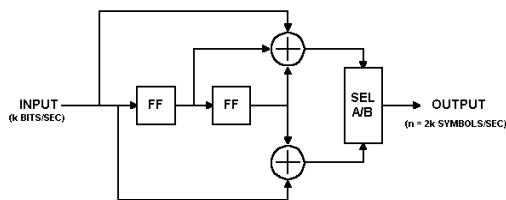
2.

(Block Code)

UEP

5

1/2



5.

5

1/2

1

2

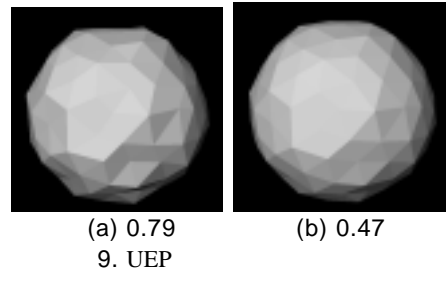
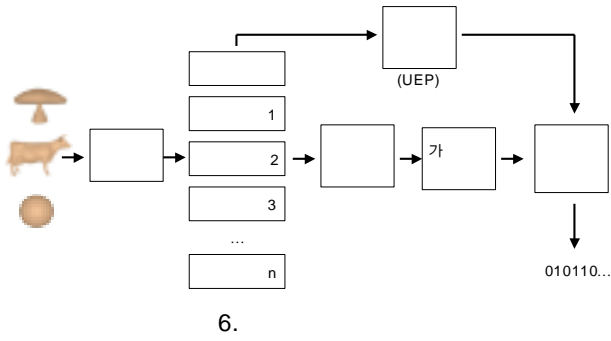
k/n

Viterbi

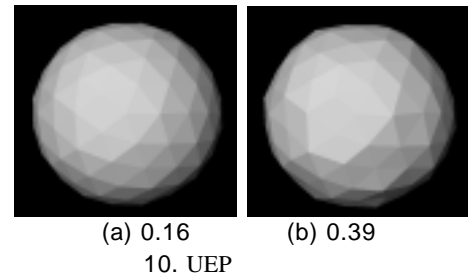
가 가

k
 n k

가, n-k

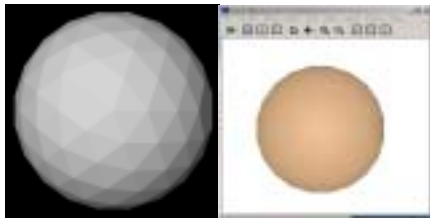


UEP, UEP, Hausdorff 가
UEP 3



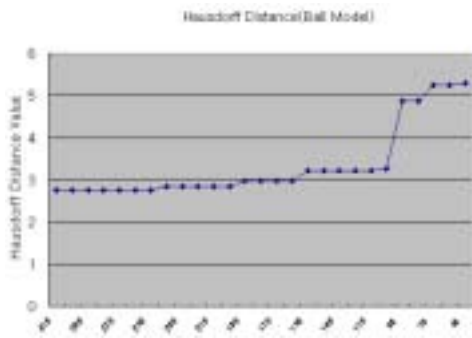
UEP 3
UEP 3
Hausdorff
3

320 162
UEP UEP
1/2
1/3 1/3
1/2 가



7.

8 Hausdorff



8. Hausdorff

Hausdorff 5.29, 2.75

4.26 9 UEP
Gaussian 가

(a) (b)

Hausdorff 10 UEP
Gaussian 가

(K-JIST)
IT (ITRC),
21(BK21)

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